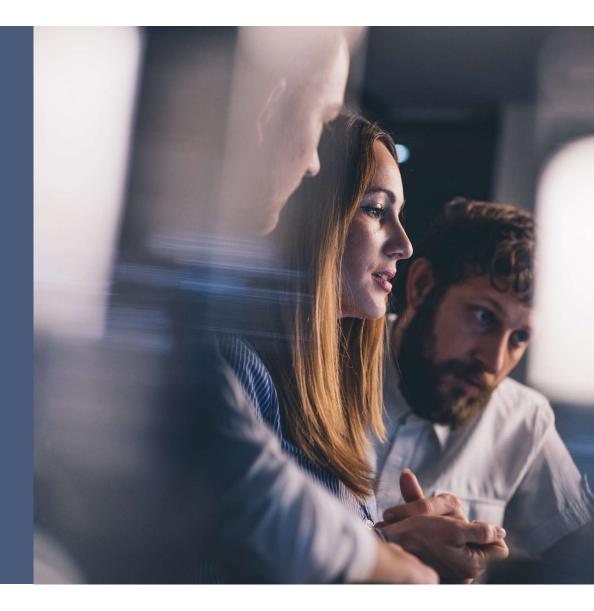
Audit Strategy Memorandum

Lincolnshire County Council

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This document is to be regarded as confidential to Lincolnshire County Council. It has been prepared for the sole use of Audit Committee as the appropriate sub-committee charged with governance. No responsibility is accepted to any other person in respect of the whole or part of its contents. Our written consent must first be obtained before this document, or any part of it, is disclosed to a third party.

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Audit Committee

Lincolnshire County Council County offices Newland Lincoln LN1 1YL

March 2021

Dear Committee Members

Audit Strategy Memorandum – Year ending 31 March 2021

We are pleased to present our Audit Strategy Memorandum for Lincolnshire Council for the year ending 31 March 2021. The purpose of this document is to summarise our audit approach, highlight significant audit risks and areas of key judgements and provide you with the details of our audit team. As it is a fundamental requirement that an auditor is, and is seen to be, independent of its clients, section 8 of this document also summarises our considerations and conclusions on our independence as auditors. We consider two-way communication with you to be key to a successful audit and important in:

• Dreaching a mutual understanding of the scope of the audit and the responsibilities of each of us;

B sharing information to assist each of us to fulfil our respective responsibilities;

providing you with constructive observations arising from the audit process; and

Censuring that we, as external auditors, gain an understanding of your attitude and views in respect of the internal and external operational, financial, compliance and other risks facing Lincolnshire County Council which may affect the audit, including the likelihood of those risks materialising and how they are monitored and managed.

With that in mind, we see this document, which has been prepared following our initial planning discussions with management, as being the basis for a discussion around our audit approach, any questions, concerns or input you may have on our approach or role as auditor. This document also contains an appendix that outlines our key communications with you during the course of the audit,

Client service is extremely important to us and we strive to provide technical excellence with the highest level of service quality, together with continuous improvement to exceed your expectations so, if you have any concerns or comments about this document or audit approach, please contact me on <u>mark.surridge@mazars.co.uk</u>

Yours faithfully

Mark Surridge

Mazars LLP

Mazars LLP - First floor, Two Chamberlain Square, Birmingham, B3 3AX

Tel: 0121 232 9500 – <u>www.mazars.co.uk</u>

Mazars LLP is the UK firm of Mazars, an integrated international advisory and accountancy organisation. Mazars LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales with registered number OC308299 and with its registered office at Tower Bridge House, St Katharine's Way, London E1W 1DD.

We are registered to carry on audit work in the UK by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Details about our audit registration can be viewed at www.auditregister.org.uk under reference number C001139861. VAT number: 839 8356 73

Mazars LLP First floor Two Chamberlain Square Birmingham B3 3AX



Section 01:

Engagement and responsibilities summary

1. Engagement and responsibilities summary

Overview of engagement

We are appointed to perform the external audit of Lincolnshire Council (the Council) for the year to 31 March 2021. The scope of our engagement is set out in the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies, issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) available from the PSAA website: https://www.psaa.co.uk/managing-audit-quality/statement-of-responsibilities-of-auditors-and-audited-bodies/. Our responsibilities are principally derived from the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (the 2014 Act) and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office (NAO), as outlined below.



Audit opinion

We are responsible for forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements. Our audit does not relieve management or Audit Committee of their responsibilities.

Going concern



The Council is required to prepare its financial statements on a going concern basis by the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. The section 151 officer is responsible for the assessment of whether is it appropriate for the Council to prepare it's accounts on a going concern. basis As auditors, we are required to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding, and conclude on the appropriateness of the section 151 officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements and the adequacy of disclosures made.

Value for money

We are also responsible for forming a commentary on the arrangements that the Council has in place to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We discuss our approach to Value for Money work further in section 5 of this report.



Fraud

Reporting to the National Audit Office

over reliability of financial reporting.

We report to the NAO on the consistency of the Council's financial statements with its Whole of Government Accounts (WGA) submission.

The responsibility for safeguarding assets and for the prevention and detection of fraud,

error and non-compliance with law or regulations rests with both those charged with governance and management. This includes establishing and maintaining internal controls

As part of our audit procedures in relation to fraud we are required to enquire of those

knowledge of instances of fraud, the risk of fraud and their views on internal controls that

mitigate the fraud risks. In accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), we

or error. However, our audit should not be relied upon to identify all such misstatements.

statements taken as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud

charged with governance, including key management and Internal audit, as to their

plan and perform our audit so as to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial

Electors' rights

The 2014 Act requires us to give an elector, or any representative of the elector, the opportunity to question us about the accounting records of the Council and consider any objection made to the accounts. We also have a broad range of reporting responsibilities and powers that are unique to the audit of local authorities in the United Kingdom.

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Section 02: Your audit engagement team

2. Your audit engagement team

Your external audit service continues to be led by Mark Surridge. A summary of key team members are detailed below. An Engagement Quality Control Reviewer has also been appointed:



Mark Surridge

Engagement Lead

Mark is our UK Sector Lead for Local Government and leads our public sector external audit team in the Midlands. He has over 15 years' experience in the provision of audit, assurance and advisory services to organisations across the whole breadth of public and not-for-profit sectors.



Michael Butler

Audit Manager

Michael replaces Mike Norman as audit manager for 2020/21 to maintain compliance with independence considerations as Mike had reached the maximum term of appointment as audit manager to the Council.

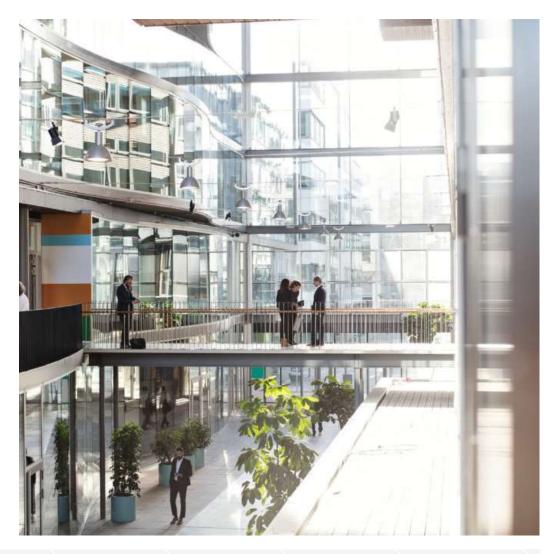
Michael has 7 years' experience in external audit and worked for Grant Thornton prior to Mazars. Michael has relevant experience working with complex audits, with a current client portfolio of local authority and NHS foundation trust clients.



Bethan Frudd

Audit Assistant Manager

Bethan joined Mazars public services as an external audit graduate and has shown continual development and progression through professional qualification to lead on a range of large and complex local authority and NHS foundation trust audits.



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2. Your audit engagement team

Roles and Responsibilities for 2020/21:

Mark Surridge

- Responsible for signing the audit opinion of both the main financial statements audit and value for money conclusion;
- Main contributor to audit committee;
- Review of audit work produced by audit manager and team.

Responsible for manging the audit; First point of call for technical concerns raised by management; and Review of the audit work covering all areas.

N Hean Frudd

- · Responsible for day to day operations of the audit;
- · Main contact for the finance team;
- First point of call for audit team queries; and
- Responsible for delivery of substantive testing against audit approach.

Your audit

Why the change in audit team:

- Rotation of staff to comply with auditor independence;
- Separating the Council and Pension Fund audit teams to improve team focus.





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Section 03: Audit scope, approach and timeline

3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

Audit scope

Our audit approach is designed to provide an audit that complies with all professional requirements.

Our audit of the financial statements will be conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), relevant ethical and professional standards, our own audit approach and in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work is focused on those aspects of your business which we consider to have a higher risk of material misstatement, such as those impacted by management judgement and estimation, application of new accounting standards, changes of accounting policy, changes to operations or areas which have been found to contain material errors in the past.

Audit approach

Our audit approach is a risk-based approach primarily driven by the risks we consider to result in a higher risk of material misstatement of the financial statements. Once we have completed our risk assessment, we develop our audit strategy and design audit procedures in response to this assessment.

The conclude that appropriately designed controls are in place then we may plan to test and rely upon these controls. If we decide controls are not appropriately designed, or we decide it would be more efficient to do so, we may be a wholly substantive approach to our audit testing. Substantive procedures are audit procedures designed to detect material misstatements at the assertion level and comprise: tests of details (of classes of transactions, count balances, and disclosures); and substantive analytical procedures. Irrespective of the assessed risks of material misstatement, which take into account our evaluation of the operating effectiveness of controls, we are inquired to design and perform substantive procedures for each material class of transactions, account balance, and disclosure.

Nor audit will be planned and performed so as to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement and give a true and fair view. The concept of materiality and how we define a statement is explained in more detail in section 8.

The diagram on the next page outlines the procedures we perform at the different stages of the audit.

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3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

Planning January 2021 – February 2021

- · Planning visit and developing our understanding of the Council
- · Initial opinion and value for money risk assessments
- Considering proposed accounting treatments and accounting policies
- Developing the audit strategy and planning the audit work to be performed
- · Agreeing timetable and deadlines
- Preliminary analytical review

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Completion September 2021

- Final review and disclosure checklist of financial statements
- · Final partner and EQCR review
- Agreeing content of letter of representation
- Reporting to the Audit Committee
- Reviewing subsequent events
- Signing the auditor's report

Interim March 2021

- Documenting systems and controls
- Performing walkthroughs
- · Interim controls testing including tests of IT general controls
- Early substantive testing of transactions
- Reassessment of audit plan and revision if necessary

Fieldwork July 2021

- Receiving and reviewing draft financial statements
- · Reassessment of audit plan and revision if necessary
- Executing the strategy starting with significant risks and high risk areas
- Communicating progress and issues
- Clearance meeting

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3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

Reliance on internal audit

Where possible we will seek to utilise the work performed by internal audit to modify the nature, extent and timing of our audit procedures. We will meet with internal audit to discuss the progress and findings of their work prior to the commencement of our controls evaluation procedures.

Management's and our experts

Management makes use of experts in specific areas when preparing the Council's financial statements. We also use experts to assist us to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence on specific items of account.

Item of account	Management's expert	Our expert
Property Plant and Equipment &	Keir Property Services	We expect to engage Cluttons LLP to support our testing.
	(where held at valuation) and Investment Properties	We may also use third party evidence provided via the NAO to support our challenge of valuation
N	Savills LLP	assumptions.
õ	The Council's external valuer for Investment Properties	
Pensions	Barnett Waddingham	PWC
	Actuary for Lincolnshire Pension Fund (LGPS)	(Consulting actuary appointed by the NAO).
	Hymans	
	Actuary for Lincolnshire Fire Authority Pension fund	
Financial Instrument	Link Asset Management (LAM)	None.
41361030163	Treasury management advisors	

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International Auditing Standards (UK) (ISAs) define service organisations as third party organisations that provide services to the Council that are part of its information systems relevant to financial reporting. We are required to obtain an understanding of the services provided by service organisations as well as evaluating the design and implementation of controls over those services. The table below summarises the service organisations used by the Council and our planned audit approach.

Items of account	Service organisation	Audit approach
Pay and non-pay expenditure	Serco The Council's provider of financial	We will review the controls operating the Council over these transactions and carry out
Other income	and other support services, including the processing of payroll, accounts payable and accounts receivable.	substantive testing (possibly including substantive analytical procedures and sample testing of transactions occurring in the year).

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Section 04:

Significant risks and other key judgement areas

Following the risk assessment approach discussed in section 3 of this document, we have identified relevant risks to the audit of financial statements. The risks that we identify are categorised as significant, enhanced or standard. The definitions of the level of risk rating are aiven below:

Significant risk

A significant risk is an identified and assessed risk of material misstatement that, in the auditor's judgment, requires special audit consideration. For any significant risk, the auditor shall obtain an understanding of the entity's controls, including control activities relevant to that risk.

Enhanced risk

Content of the second s esertion level other than a significant risk. Enhanced risks require additional consideration but does not rise to the level of a significant risk, these include but may not be limited to:

Õ key areas of management judgement, including accounting estimates which are material but are not considered to give rise to a significant risk of material misstatement; and

other audit assertion risks arising from significant events or transactions that occurred • during the period.

Standard risk

This is related to relatively routine, non-complex transactions that tend to be subject to systematic processing and require little management judgement. Although it is considered that there is a risk of material misstatement (RMM), there are no elevated or special factors related to the nature, the likely magnitude of the potential misstatements or the likelihood of the risk occurring.

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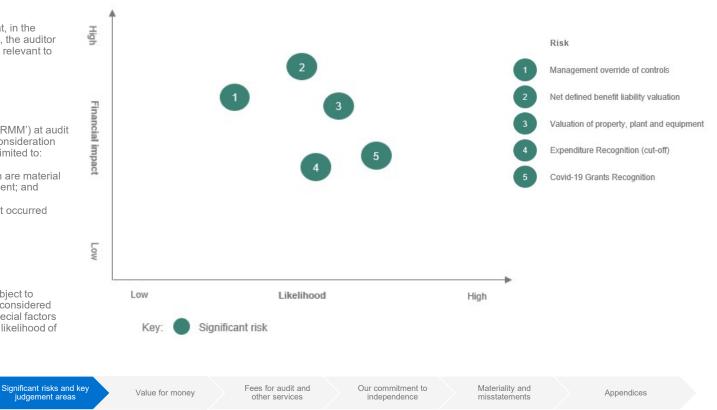
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Summary risk assessment

The summary risk assessment, illustrated in the table below, highlights those risks which we deem to be significant and other enhanced risks in respect of the Council. We have summarised our audit response to these risks on the next page.



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Specific identified audit risks and planned testing strategy

We have presented below in more detail the reasons for the risk assessment highlighted above, and also our testing approach with respect to significant risks. An audit is a dynamic process, should we change our view of risk or approach to address the identified risks during the course of our audit, we will report this to the Audit Committee.

Significant risks

	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
1	Management override of controls	٠	-	-	We plan to address the management override of controls risk through
P	This is a mandatory significant risk on all audits due to the unpredictable way in which such override could occur.				performing audit work over accounting estimates, journal entries and consideration of any significant transactions outside the normal course of business or otherwise unusual.
age 31	Management at various levels within an organisation are in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of their ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Due to the unpredictable way in which such override could occur there is a risk of material misstatement due to fraud on all audits.				

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Significant risks (continued)

	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
2	Net defined benefit liability valuation	-	٠	٠	We plan to address the risk by:
Page 32	 The defined benefit liability relating to the Local Government pension scheme represents a significant balance on the Council's balance sheet. The Council uses an actuary to provide an annual valuation of these liabilities in line with the requirements of IAS 19 Employee Benefits. Due to the high degree of estimation uncertainty associated with this valuation, we have determined there is a significant risk in this area. Relevant Account Balances (taken from the 2019/20 draft financial statements): £857m – Note 28 (Net pension liability), made up from: Local Government Pension Scheme - £617m Fire-Fighters Pension Scheme - £240m 				 critically assess the competency, objectivity and independence of the Pension Fund's Actuary; liaise with the auditors of the Lincolnshire Pension Fund to gain assurance that the controls in place at the Pension Fund are operating effectively. This will included the processes and controls in place to ensure data provided to the Actuary by the Pension Fund for the purposes of the IAS 19 valuation is complete and accurate; review the appropriateness of the Pension Fund Actuary, and the key assumptions included within the valuation. This will include comparing them to expected ranges, utilising information by the consulting actuary engaged by the National Audit Office; and agree the data in the IAS 19 valuation report provided by the Fund Actuary for accounting purposes to the pension accounting entries and disclosures in the Council's financial statements. In line with 2019/20 and the continuing COVID19 pandemic, we will discuss the whether there are any potential material uncertainty disclosure to be made. We will monitor this throughout the audit process.

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Significant risks (continued)

	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
3	Property Valuation	-	•	٠	We plan to address this risk by:
Page 33	 Property related assets are a significant balance on the council's balance sheet. The valuation of these properties is complex and is subject to a number of management assumptions and judgements. Due to the high degree of estimation uncertainty associated, we have determined there is a significant risk in this area. At the planning stage of the audit, this risk covers (figures have been taken from the draft 2019/20 financial statements): Land & Buildings (£535m - Note 15) Investment Properties (£106m – Note 17) 				 critically assessing the scope of work, qualifications, objectivity and independence of the Council's valuer to carry out the required programme of revaluations; considering whether the overall revaluation methodologies used by the Council's valuers are in line with industry practice, the CIPFA code of practice and the Council's accounting policies; assessing whether valuation movements are in line with market expectations by considering valuation trends; critically assessing the approach that the Council adopts to ensure that assets that are not subject to revaluation in 2020/21 are materially correct, including considering the robustness of that approach in light of the valuation information reported by the Councils valuers. In line with 2019/20 and the continuing COVID19 pandemic, we will discuss the whether there are any potential material uncertainty disclosure to be made. We will monitor this throughout the audit process.

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Significant risks (continued)

	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
4 Page 5	 Expenditure recognition Under ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper revenue recognition. In the public sector, this requirement is modified by Practice Note 10 issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC), which states that auditors should also consider the risk that material misstatements may occur by the manipulation of expenditure recognition. Having considered the factors for expenditure recognition, we believe the risk is focused on the year-end balance sheet and in particular whether cut-off (recognition in the correct financial year) is materially accurate. From our consideration of the Council's expenditure streams, we believe the risk is focused on Premises, transport, and supplies & services (being £632m per Note 10 of the draft 2019/20 financial statements). 	•	•	-	 We will address this risk by performing work in the following areas: ensuring the accounting policies in relation to expenditure recognition and recognition of accruals are appropriate and consistently applied; and carrying out cut-off testing, and testing for unrecorded liabilities, to confirm expenditure has been coded to the correct accounting year.
ge 34	 Covid-19 Grants recognition Over March and April 2020, the government provided £3.2 billion of emergency grant funding and over £5 billion of cashflow support to support local authorities through COVID-19. Throughout 2020/21, the Government has continued to provide substantial sums of financial support to local authorities, including Lincolnshire County Council. Management have had to exercise a level of judgement in relation to these specific COVID-19 grants, including: the extent to which the Council is acting as an agent or principal and therefore whether to account for the grant income on a gross or net basis; and whether conditions associated with the grants have been met at the reporting date. Overall therefore, we believe there is a significant audit risk relating to the completeness and accuracy of Covid-19 grant income in the 2020/21 financial statements. 			-	 We will address this risk by performing work in the following areas: reviewing the Council's approach to determine whether grants are or are not ringfenced for specified areas of expenditure; and testing a sample of grant income recorded in the ledger to grant allocations/ notifications; and challenge the Council's judgements as to whether it is acting as agent or principal in respect of the administration of individual grant funding streams, and the accounting treatment associated with these judgements; and reviewing a sample of grants to ensure conditions to recognise the income in 2020/21 have been met or not.
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Section 05: Value for Money

5. Value for money

The framework for Value for Money work

We are required to form a view as to whether the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The NAO issues guidance to auditors that underpins the work we are required to carry out in order to form our view, and sets out the overall criterion and sub-criteria that we are required to consider.

The new Code of Audit Practice (the Code) has changed the way in which we report our findings in relation to Value for Money (VFM) arrangements from 2020/21. Whilst we are still required to be satisfied that the Council has proper arrangements in place, we will now report by exception in our auditor's report where we have identified significant weakness in those arrangements. This is a significant change to the requirements under the previous Code which required us to give a conclusion on the Council's arrangements as part of our auditor's report.

Under the new Code, the key output of our work on VFM arrangements will be a commentary on those an angements which will form part of the Auditor's Annual Report.

Secified reporting criteria

The Code requires us to structure our commentary to report under three specified criteria:

- Financial sustainability how the Council plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services
- 2. Governance how the Council ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks
- 3. Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness how the Council uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services

Our approach

Our work falls into three primary phases as outlined opposite. We need to gather sufficient evidence to support our commentary on the Council's arrangements and to identify and report on any significant weaknesses in arrangements. Where significant weaknesses are identified we are required to report these to the Council and make recommendations for improvement. Such recommendations can be made at any point during the audit cycle and we are not expected to wait until issuing our overall commentary to do so.

Planning and risk assessment	 Obtaining an understanding of the Council's arrangements for each specified reporting criteria. Relevant information sources will include: NAO guidance and supporting information Information from internal and external sources including regulators Knowledge from previous audits and other audit work undertaken in the year Interviews and discussions with staff and members
Additional risk- based procedures and evaluation	Where our planning work identifies risks of significant weaknesses, we will undertake additional procedures to determine whether there is a significant weakness.
Reporting	 We will provide a summary of the work we have undertaken and our judgements against each of the specified reporting criteria as part of our commentary on arrangements. This will form part of the Auditor's Annual Report. Our commentary will also highlight: Significant weaknesses identified and our recommendations for improvement Emerging issues or other matters that do not represent significant weaknesses but still require attention from the Council.

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Under the 2020 Code, we are required to structure our commentary on the Council's 'proper arrangements' under three specified reporting criteria, which are expanded in the supporting guidance notes produced by the National Audit Office:

Financial sustainability: how the body plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services

- how the body ensures that it identifies all the significant financial pressures that are relevant to its short and medium-term plans and builds these into them
- how the body plans to bridge its funding gaps and identifies achievable savings
- how the body plans finances to support the sustainable delivery of services in accordance with strategic and statutory priorities

how the body ensures that its financial plan is consistent with other plans such as workforce, capital, investment, and other operational planning which may include working with other local public bodies as part of a wider system

 how the body identifies and manages risks to financial resilience, e.g. unplanned changes in demand, including challenge of the assumptions underlying its plans.

Governance: how the body ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks, including

- how the body monitors and assesses risk and how the body gains assurance over the effective operation of internal controls, including arrangements to prevent and detect fraud
- how the body approaches and carries out its annual budget setting process
- how the body ensures effective processes and systems are in place to ensure budgetary control; to communicate relevant, accurate and timely management information (including non-financial information where appropriate); supports its statutory financial reporting requirements; and ensures corrective action is taken where needed
- how the body ensures it makes properly informed decisions, supported by appropriate evidence and allowing for challenge and transparency. This includes arrangements for effective challenge from those charged with governance/audit committee
- how the body monitors and ensures appropriate standards, such as meeting legislative/regulatory requirements and standards in terms of officer or member behaviour (such as gifts and hospitality or declarations/conflicts of interests).

Improving VFM: how the body uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services

- how financial and performance information has been used to assess performance to identify areas for improvement
- how the body evaluates the services it provides to assess performance and identify areas for improvement
- how the body ensures it delivers its role within significant partnerships, engages with stakeholders it has identified, monitors performance against expectations, and ensures action is taken where necessary to improve
- where the body commissions or procures services, how the body ensures that this is done in accordance with relevant legislation, professional standards and internal policies, and how the body assesses whether it is realising the expected benefits.

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The NAO's guidance requires us to carry out work at the planning stage to understand the Council's arrangements and to identify risks that significant weaknesses in arrangements may exist.

Due to the late release of the NAO's Auditor Guidance Note and supporting information to auditors, we have not yet fully completed our Value for Money planning and risk assessment work. On completion of our risk assessment, we will report any risks of significant weaknesses in arrangements identified to the Audit Committee.



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Section 06: Fees for audit and other services

6. Fees for audit and other services

Fees for work as the Council's appointed auditor

Details of the 2019/20 Actual and 2020/21 Audit fees in line with PSAA and other reporting mechanisms are set out below:

Area of work	2020/21 Proposed Fee	2019/20 Actual Fee
Scale audit fee	£82,640	£82,640
Fee variations:		
Additional Testing on Property, Plant & Equipment and Defined Benefit Pensions Schemes as a result of changes in regulatory expectations	£12,273 ¹	£12,273 ¹
Additional testing as a result of the implementation of new auditing standards: ISA 220 (Revised): Quality control of an audit of financial statements; ISA 540 (Revised): Auditing accounting estimates and related disclosures; and ISA570 (Revised) Going Concern.	£2,000 ²	N/A
Dother additional costs	TBC	£7,021
©ub-total	£96,913	
Additional work arising from the change in the Code of Audit Practice	£10,000 ³	N/A
Total	£106,913 ⁴	£101,934 ⁵

Fees for non-audit work

In addition to the fees outlined above in relation to our appointment by PSAA, we have been separately engaged by the Council to carry out additional work as set out in the table below.

Area of work	2020/21 Proposed Fee	2019/20 Actual Fee
Assurance services - Education and Skills Funding Agency	TBC ⁶	£5,000
Assurance services – Teachers Pensions Return	TBC ⁶	£3,000

¹ As previously reported to you, the scale fee has been adjusted to take into account the additional work required as a result of increased regulatory expectations over these areas. Plus the designation of the Authority as a 'Major Local Audit' requiring additional audit quality control procedures.

² For 2020/21, two new auditing standards have been introduced incurring additional time and audit work not reflected in the scale fee. Additional testing as a result of the implementation of IFRS 16 Leases is deferred to the financial year 2021/22.

³ As explained in section 5, the revised Code of Audit Practice results in a substantial amount of additional audit work to support the value for money conclusion and the changes in reporting requirements, requiring additional time and input from the senior members of the team. Our review of the Code and supporting guidance notes shows that the additional fee impact at all public sector entities is expected to be at least £10,000. The final fee will take into account the extent, and complexity of, any significant weaknesses in arrangements to review and report upon.

⁴ This is a proposed fee for 2020/21 at the point of the issue of our ASM. This figure is subject to change and additional costs will be discussed with management, for example material valuation uncertainty on asset valuations as a result of Covid-19.

⁵ The 2019/20 financial statements audit is still on-going, therefore, additional costs will be discussed and agreed with management and communicated to audit committee through our annual audit letter.

⁶ We have not yet been engaged to provide similar services to the Council for 2020/21. Should these proceed in 2020/21, the fee is expected to be consistent with 2019/20.

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Section 07: Our commitment to independence

7. Our commitment to independence

We are committed to independence and are required by the Financial Reporting Council to confirm to you at least annually in writing that we comply with the FRC's Ethical Standard. In addition, we communicate any matters or relationship which we believe may have a bearing on our independence or the objectivity of the audit team.

Based on the information provided by you and our own internal procedures to safeguard our independence as auditors, we confirm that in our professional judgement there are no relationships between us and any of our related or subsidiary entities, and you and your related entities creating any unacceptable threats to our independence within the regulatory or professional requirements governing us as your auditors.

We have policies and procedures in place which are designed to ensure that we carry out our work with integrity, objectivity and independence. These policies include:

• All partners and staff are required to complete an annual independence declaration;

All new partners and staff are required to complete an independence confirmation and also complete computer based ethical training;



 Use by managers and partners of our client and engagement acceptance system which requires all nonaudit services to be approved in advance by the audit engagement partner. We confirm, as at the date of this document, that the engagement team and others in the firm as appropriate, Mazars LLP are independent and comply with relevant ethical requirements. However, if at any time you have concerns or questions about our integrity, objectivity or independence please discuss these with Mark Surridge in the first instance.

Prior to the provision of any non-audit services Mark Surridge will undertake appropriate procedures to consider and fully assess the impact that providing the service may have on our auditor independence.

Any emerging independence threats and associated identified safeguards will be communicated in our Audit Completion Report.

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Section 08: Materiality and other misstatements

8. Materiality and misstatements

Summary of initial materiality thresholds

Threshold	Initial threshold £'000s
Overall materiality (2%)	22,817
Performance materiality (75%)	17,113
Trivial threshold for errors to be reported to Audit Committee (3%)	685
Areas of specific materiality selected on the basis these items are of pecific interest to a reader of the financial statements:	
 Senior Officer Remuneration (Note 36b in the 2019/20 draft accounts) 	£5k (being one band)
Members Allowances (Note 35 in the 2019/20 draft accounts)	£258k

Materiality

Materiality is an expression of the relative significance or importance of a particular matter in the context of financial statements as a whole.

Misstatements in financial statements are considered to be material if they, individually or in aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Judgements on materiality are made in light of surrounding circumstances and are affected by the size and nature of a misstatement, or a combination of both. Judgements about materiality are based on consideration of

the common financial information needs of users as a group and not on specific individual users.

The assessment of what is material is a matter of professional judgement and is affected by our perception of the financial information needs of the users of the financial statements. In making our assessment we assume that users:

- · Have a reasonable knowledge of business, economic activities and accounts;
- · Have a willingness to study the information in the financial statements with reasonable diligence;
- · Understand that financial statements are prepared, presented and audited to levels of materiality;
- Recognize the uncertainties inherent in the measurement of amounts based on the use of estimates, judgement and the consideration of future events; and
- · Will make reasonable economic decisions on the basis of the information in the financial statements.

We consider materiality whilst planning and performing our audit based on quantitative and qualitative factors.

Whilst planning, we make judgements about the size of misstatements which we consider to be material and which provides a basis for determining the nature, timing and extent of risk assessment procedures, identifying and assessing the risk of material misstatement and determining the nature, timing and extent of further audit procedures.

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8. Materiality and misstatements

Materiality (continued)

The materiality determined at the planning stage does not necessarily establish an amount below which uncorrected misstatements, either individually or in aggregate, will be considered as immaterial.

We revise materiality for the financial statements as our audit progresses should we become aware of information that would have caused us to determine a different amount had we been aware of that information at the planning stage.

Our provisional materiality is set based on a benchmark of Gross Revenue Expenditure at Surplus/deficit on Provision of Services level for 2019/20. We will identify a figure for materiality but identify separate levels for procedures design to detect individual errors, and also a level above which all identified errors will be reported to Audit Committee.

consider that the Gross Revenue Expenditure at Surplus/deficit on Provision of Services level remains the y focus of users of the financial statements and, as such, we base our materiality levels around this mchmark.

the expect to set a materiality threshold at 2% of Gross Revenue Expenditure at Surplus/deficit on Provision of Services level. Based on prior year financial statements we anticipate the overall materiality for the year ending 31 March 2021 to be in the region of £22,817k.

After setting initial materiality, we continue to monitor materiality throughout the audit to ensure that it is set at an appropriate level.

Performance Materiality

Performance materiality is the amount or amounts set by the auditor at less than materiality for the financial statements as a whole to reduce, to an appropriately low level, the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceeds materiality for the financial statements as a whole. Our initial assessment of performance materiality is based on low inherent risk, meaning that we have applied 75% of overall materiality as performance materiality.

Misstatements

We accumulate misstatements identified during the audit that are other than clearly trivial. We set a level of triviality for individual errors identified (a reporting threshold) for reporting to Audit Committee that is consistent with the level of triviality that we consider would not need to be accumulated because we expect that the accumulation of such amounts would not have a material effect on the financial statements. Based on our preliminary assessment of overall materiality, our proposed triviality threshold is £685k based on 3% of overall materiality. If you have any queries about this please do not hesitate to raise these with Mark Surridge.

Reporting to Audit Committee

The following three types of audit differences will be presented to Audit Committee:

- · summary of adjusted audit differences;
- summary of unadjusted audit differences; and
- summary of disclosure differences (adjusted and unadjusted).

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Appendix: Key communication points

We value communication with Those Charged With Governance as a two way feedback process at the heart of our client service commitment. ISA 260 (UK) 'Communication with Those Charged with Governance' and ISA 265 (UK) 'Communicating Deficiencies In Internal Control To Those Charged With Governance And Management' specifically require us to communicate a number of points with you.

Relevant points that need to be communicated with you at each stage of the audit are outlined below.

Form, timing and content of our communications

We will present the following reports:

· Our Audit Strategy Memorandum;

Our Audit Completion Report; and

Auditor's Annual Report

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Rese documents will be discussed with management prior to being presented to yourselves and their memory will be incorporated as appropriate.

Key communication points at the planning stage as included in this Audit Strategy Memorandum

- Our responsibilities in relation to the audit of the financial statements;
- The planned scope and timing of the audit;
- · Significant audit risks and areas of management judgement;

- Our commitment to independence;
- · Responsibilities for preventing and detecting errors;
- · Materiality and misstatements; and
- · Fees for audit and other services.

Key communication points at the completion stage to be included in our Audit Completion Report

- · Significant deficiencies in internal control;
- · Significant findings from the audit;
- Significant matters discussed with management;
- Our conclusions on the significant audit risks and areas of management judgement;
- · Summary of misstatements;
- · Management representation letter;
- Our proposed draft audit report; and
- Independence.

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ISA (UK) 260 'Communication with Those Charged with Governance', ISA (UK) 265 'Communicating Deficiencies In Internal Control To Those Charged With Governance And Management' and other ISAs (UK) specifically require us to communicate the following:

Required communication	Where addressed
Our responsibilities in relation to the financial statement audit and those of management and those charged with governance.	Audit Strategy Memorandum
The planned scope and timing of the audit including any limitations, specifically including with respect to significant risks.	Audit Strategy Memorandum
 With respect to misstatements: Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion; The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods; A request that any uncorrected misstatement is corrected; and In writing, corrected misstatements that are significant. 	Audit Completion Report
 With respect to fraud communications: Enquiries of the Audit Committee to determine whether they have a knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity; Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that fraud may exist; and A discussion of any other matters related to fraud. 	Audit Completion Report and discussion at Audit Committee. Audit Planning and Clearance meetings

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Required communication	Where addressed				
 Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties including, when applicable: Non-disclosure by management; Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions; Disagreement over disclosures; Non-compliance with laws and regulations; and Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity. 	Audit Completion Report				
 Significant findings from the audit including: Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures; Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit; Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management or were the subject of correspondence with management; Written representations that we are seeking; Expected modifications to the audit report; and Other matters, if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process or otherwise identified in the course of the audit that we believe will be relevant to the AuditCommittee in the context of fulfilling their responsibilities. 	Audit Completion Report				
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit.	Audit Completion Report				
Where relevant, any issues identified with respect to authority to obtain external confirmations or inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures.	Audit Completion Report				
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Required communication	Where addressed
Audit findings regarding non-compliance with laws and regulations where the non-compliance is material and believed to be intentional (subject to compliance with legislation on tipping off) and enquiry of the Audit Committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the Audit Committee may be aware of.	Audit Completion Report and Audit Committee meetings
 With respect to going concern, events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty; Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements; and The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements. 	Audit Completion Report
Seporting on the valuation methods applied to the various items in the annual financial statements including any impact of changes of such methods	Audit Completion Report
Indication of whether all requested explanations and documents were provided by the entity	Audit Completion Report

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Mark Surridge

Mazars

First Floor Wo Chamberlain Square Birmingham, B3 3AX

Mazars is an internationally integrated partnership, specialising in audit, accountancy, advisory, tax and legal services^{*}. Operating in over 90 countries and territories around the world, we draw on the expertise of 40,400 professionals – 24,400 in Mazars' integrated partnership and 16,000 via the Mazars North America Alliance – to assist clients of all sizes at every stage in their development.

*where permitted under applicable country laws.

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